

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

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1. A controlled drug release electrode system comprising an  
5 electroactive polymer having an ionic exchangeable releasable dopant thereon and an  
effective conforming thickness of a water insoluble film forming overlayer  
substantially impermeable to said dopant.
  2. The electrode system of claim 1 wherein said effective  
10 conforming thickness is of a thickness sufficient to be substantially impermeable to  
said dopant.
  3. The system of claim 1 wherein said insoluble film forming  
15 overlayer comprises a polymer.
  4. The system of claim 3 wherein said polymer comprises  
poly(vinyl butyral), nafion, or poly(vinyl acetate).
  5. The system of claim 4 wherein the poly(vinyl acetate) is at the  
20 most 88% hydrolyzed.
  6. The system of claim 4 wherein the poly(vinyl acetate) is less  
than or equal to 40% hydrolyzed.
  - 25 7. A process for preparing a controlled drug release electrode  
system, said system comprising an electroactive polymer having an ionic  
exchangeable dopant thereon and an effective conforming thickness of a water  
insoluble film forming overlayer substantially impermeable to said dopant thereon,  
said process comprising the effective application of said film forming overlayer in an  
30 adherent fashion to said polymer.

8. The process of claim 7 wherein said application process is selected from the group consisting of dipping, coating, printing, spraying and vapor deposition of said film forming overlayer to said polymer.

5 9. The process of claim 7 wherein said film forming overlayer is adherent to said polymer.

10 10. The process of claim 8 wherein said film forming overlayer comprises a polymer.

11. The process of claim 8 wherein said polymer comprises homopolymers and copolymers of polypyrrole, N-substituted pyrrole and C-substituted pyrrole.

15 12. The process of claim 11 wherein said polymer comprises polypyrrole.

13. The process of claim 10 wherein said polymer comprises poly(vinyl butyral), nafion, or poly(vinyl acetate).

20 14. A method for treating patients using a controlled drug release electrode system, said system comprising an electroactive polymer having an ionic exchangeable dopant thereon and an effective conforming thickness of a water insoluble film forming overlayer substantially impermeable to said dopant, said method comprising contacting said patient with said electrode system and applying an  
25 effective potential to said electrode system whereby said drug is made effectively available to the patient.

30 15. The method of claim 14 wherein said film forming overlayer comprises a hydrophobic polymer.

16. The method of claim 15 wherein said overlayer is selected from the group consisting of poly(vinyl butyral), poly(vinyl acetate), or Nafion.

5 17. The method of claim 14 wherein said electroactive polymer comprises homopolymers and copolymers of polypyrrole, N-substituted pyrrole and C-substituted pyrrole.

10 18. The method of claim 17 wherein said electroactive polymer is polypyrrole.

15 19. A process of using a polymeric material as a controlled drug delivery system comprising the use of a polymer bilayer containing drug molecules to impede the spontaneous release of said drug molecules when no electrochemical stimulus is applied.

20 20. The process of claim 19 wherein the polymer bilayer comprises an electroactive polymer and a second polymer layer, where the second polymer layer is applied to the top of the electroactive polymer.

21. The method of claim 20 wherein the second polymer layer is made of hydrophobic material and is crosslinked.

25 22. The method of claim 20 wherein the second polymer layer is selected from the group consisting of poly(vinyl butyral), Nafion and poly(vinyl acetate).

30 23. The method of claim 20 and 22 wherein the electroactive polymer is homopolymers and copolymers of polypyrrole, N-substituted pyrrole and C-substituted pyrrole.

24. The method of claim 23 wherein said electroactive polymer is polypyrrole.

5 25. An article of manufacture comprising a controlled drug release electrode system comprising an electroactive polymer having an ionic exchangeable dopant thereon and additionally an effective conforming thickness of a water insoluble film forming overlayer substantially impermeable to said dopant.

10 26. The article of manufacture of claim 25 where said article of manufacture is placed in contact with a patient's skin.

15 27. The article of manufacture of claim 26 wherein an effective potential is applied to said electrode wherein said potential causes the release of said drug, making said drug effectively available to the patient.

28. The method of claim 25 wherein said film forming overlay comprises a polymer made from hydrophobic material which is crosslinked.

20 29. The method of claim 28 wherein said electroactive polymer comprises homopolymers and copolymers of polypyrrole, N-substituted pyrrole and C-substituted pyrrole.

25 30. The method of claim 29 wherein said electroactive polymer comprises polypyrrole.

30 31. A process of creating an electrochemical responsive controlled drug delivery system comprising loading a film of an electroactive polymer with an active ingredient, applying a second polymer layer to said electroactive polymer loaded with an active ingredient, and allowing said second polymer layer to dry.

32. The process of claim 31 where said electroactive polymer comprises homopolymers and copolymers of polypyrrole, N-substituted pyrrole and C-substituted pyrrole.

5 33. The process of claim 32 wherein said electroactive polymer comprises polypyrrole.

34. The process of claim 33 wherein said electroactive polymer is produced by depositing polypyrrole onto a stainless steel electrode by utilizing a  
10 constant potential from an aqueous solution comprising a pyrrole, a salt of an anionic or cationic active ingredient, and a dopant.

35. The process of claims 31 wherein the second polymer layer is poly(vinyl butyral).  
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36. The process of claim 35 wherein the second polymer layer is allowed to dry at about room temperature.

37. The process of claims 31 wherein the second polymer layer is  
20 nafion.

38. The process of claim 37 wherein the second polymer layer is allowed to dry at about 150° C for 1 hour.

25 39. The process of claim 31 wherein the second polymer layer is poly(vinyl acetate).

30 40. The process of claim 39 wherein the second polymer layer is allowed to dry at room temperature.

41. The process of claim 42 wherein the second polymer layer is thermally crosslinked in a vacuum for about 30 minutes at 70° C and then for 30 minutes at 150°C.

5 42. The process of claim 41 wherein the poly(vinyl acetate) is less than 88% hydrolyzed.

43. The process of claim 42 wherein the poly(vinyl acetate) is about 40% hydrolyzed.

10 44. A dopant controlled release system comprising an electroactive polymer having an ionic exchangeable releasable dopant thereon and an overlayer to lessen the spontaneous release of said dopant.

15 45. The system of claim 44 wherein the overlayer is made of a hydrophobic material.

46. The system of claim 45 wherein the overlayer is highly networked.

20 47. The system of claim 46 wherein the overlayer is highly networked due to crosslinking.

48. The system of claim 45 wherein the overlayer is chosen from the group consisting of poly(vinyl butyral), poly(vinyl acetate), and nafion.

25 49. The system of claim 48 wherein said electroactive polymer comprises homopolymers and copolymers of polypyrrole, N-substituted pyrrole and C-substituted pyrrole.

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50. The system of claim 49 wherein said electroactive polymer comprises polypyrrole.

5 51. The method of claim 45 wherein said dopant is a biologically active ingredient.

52. The method of claim 51 wherein said biologically active ingredient is a pharmaceutical compound.

10 53. The method of claim 52 wherein said pharmaceutical compound is selected from the group consisting of nutritional supplements, anti-inflammatory agents(e.g. NSAIDS such as s-ibuprofen, ketoprofen, fenoprofen, indomethacin, meclofentamate, mefenamic acid, naproxen, phenylbutazone, piroxicam, tolmetin, sulindac, and dimethyl sulfoxide), antipyretics, anesthetics  
15 including benzocaine, pramoxine, dibucaine, diclonine, lidocaine, mepiracaine, prilocaine, and tetracaine; demulcents; analgesics including opiate analgesics, non-opiate analgesics, non-narcotic analgesics including acetaminophen and astringent including calamine, zinc oxide, tannic acid, Hamamelis water, zinc sulfate; natural or synthetic steroids including triamcinolone, acetamide, prednisone, beclomethasone  
20 dipropionate; asthmatic drugs including terbutaline sulfate, albuterol, leukotriene receptor antagonists; electrolytes, metals and minerals; antianxiety and antidepressant agents; antimicrobial and antiviral agents; antihistamines; immune-suppression agents; cholesterol-lowering agents; cardiac and high-blood pressure agents and mixtures thereof.